| Subject (course) name: Circuit and Signals | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Programme: Electronics and Telecommunication Specialty: | | Subject code: 5P | |
| | | Title graduate: Engineer | |
| Type of course: obligatory | Course level: First-cycle studies | Year: II Semester: III Semester: winter | |
| Form of classes: Lectures, Classes, Labs, Seminar, Project | Number of hours per week: 1L, 1C, 2Lab, 0, 0 | Credit points: 4 ECTS | |

GUIDE TO SUBJECT

SUBJECT OBJECTIVES

- C1. General knowledge in circuit description of electrical phenomena by means of voltage and current waveforms of branch treated as electrical analogue signals.
- C2. Particular knowledge in calculation and analysis of voltage and current waveforms in the circuit branches subjected to various sources.
- C3. General skill description of electrical phenomena occurring in electrical circuits
- C4. General ability to combine simple electrical circuits, making the electrical measurements in them and interpretation of the results of measurements and calculations.
- C5. Practical knowledge in computer analysis of electric circuits.

SUBJECT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Knowledge and skills in mathematics of linear algebra, algebraic operations on complex numbers and the elements of differential and integral calculus.
- 2. Knowledge of physics in the field of circuit descriptions of electrical phenomena.
- 3. Knowledge of Electrical Engineering Course
- 4. Ability to prepare a report of the measurements.
- 5. Ability to use literature and online resources.

LERNING OUTCOMES

- EK 1 The student has knowledge of the basic concepts and laws in force in the theory of electrical circuits.
- EK 2 The student is able to perform the calculation and analysis of voltage and current waveforms in the branches of an electrical circuit.
- EK 3 The student is able to describe electrical phenomena occurring in electric circuits at different sources.
- EK 4 Student is able to carry out measurements of electrical quantities in the joint by the electrical circuit and interpret the results of measurements and calculations.
- EK 5 The student can perform a computer analysis of the electrical circuit.

SUBJECT CONTENT

Form of classes - lectures

| Торіс | Hours |
|--|-------|
| W 1 – Resonance voltages in RLC series branch. | 1 |
| W 2 – Frequency characteristics of current and voltage on the elements of the resonant circuit | 1 |
| | |

| W 3 – Magnetically coupled coils. Air transformer. | 1 |
|--|----|
| W 4 – Ideal transformer. Impedance of magnetically coupled coils. | 1 |
| W 5 – Periodic current circuits. | 1 |
| W 6 – Fourier series. Amplitude and phase spectra of a periodic signal. | 1 |
| W 7 – Examples of transients in electrical circuits RL and RC. | 1 |
| W 8 – Transients in RLC series branch. | 1 |
| W 9, 10 – Laplace Transform. Properties of the Laplace transform. | 1 |
| W 11, 12 – Operator method of transients analysis. | 1 |
| W 13, 14 – Operator circuit diagram. Heaviside equation. | 1 |
| W 15 – Final test. | 1 |
| Total | 15 |

Form of classes – classes

| Торіс | Hours |
|---|-------|
| C 1 – Resonance voltages in RLC series branch. | 1 |
| C 2 – Frequency characteristics of current and voltage on the elements of the | 1 |
| resonant circuit. | |
| C 3 – Magnetically coupled coils. Air transformer. | 1 |
| C 4 – Ideal transformer. Impedance of magnetically coupled coils. | 1 |
| C 5 – Periodic current circuits. | 1 |
| C 6 – Fourier series. Amplitude and phase spectra of a periodic signal. | 1 |
| C 7 – Examples of transients in electrical circuits RL and RC. | 1 |
| C 8 – Transients in RLC series branch. | 1 |
| C 9, 10 – Laplace Transform. Properties of the Laplace transform. | 1 |
| C 11, 12 – Operator method of transients analysis. | 1 |
| C 13, 14 – Operator circuit diagram. Heaviside equation. | 1 |
| C 30 – Final test. | 1 |
| Total | 15 |

Form of classes – laboratory

| Торіс | Hours |
|---|-------|
| L1 – Introduction to the lab. | 2 |
| L 2 – The power and efficiency of the DC. Thevenin Theorem. | 2 |
| L 3 – Nonlinear DC circuits. | 2 |
| L 4 – The study of RLC circuits with sinusoidal sources. | 2 |
| L 5 – Resonance in RLC serial branches (voltage resonance). | 2 |
| L 6 – Magnetically coupled circuits. | 2 |
| L7 – Transients in RC circuits. | 2 |
| L8 – Test | 2 |
| L 9 – Network analysis of DC circuits. | 2 |
| L 10 – Network analysis of sinusoidal alternating current circuits. | 2 |
| L 11 – The analysis of periodic current circuits. | 2 |
| L 12 – Transients in the serial RLC branches. | 2 |
| L 13 – Periodic solutions in nonlinear electrical circuits. | 2 |
| L 14 – Analysis of circuits containing controlled sources. | 2 |
| L 15 – Test. | 2 |
| Suma | 30 |

STUDY METHODS

Lectures with use of multimedia presentations.
 Solving problems in classes.
 Lab – experiments in sections (two or three students). Computer analysis.
 Discussion during the course and individual consultations.

EDUCATIONAL TOOLS

- 1. Audiovisual equipment
- 2. Lab instructions
- 3. Lab equipment.
- 4. Computer lab
- 5. Matlab software

METHODS OF ASSESMENT (F – Forming, P – Summary)

F1. Validation of the results of measurements and computer analyses in the laboratory and timely preparation of reports on the subsequent laboratory.

P1. Lecture - written exam.

P2. Classes - final test.

P3. Laboratory classes - the average of the ratings for laboratory exercises 50% and 50% of the final test.

STUDENT WORKLOAD

| Form of activity | | Averaged workload (hours) | | |
|--|----------|---------------------------|------|------|
| | | [h] | Σ[h] | ECTS |
| Participation in class activities | lectures | 15 | | |
| | classes | 15 | 60 | 2 |
| | labs | 30 | | |
| Preparation for tutorials (reading literature) | | 10 | | |
| Preparation for classes | | 10 | | |
| Preparation for labs | | 10 | 60 | 2 |
| Preparation of lab reports | | 10 | | |
| Preparation for tests | | 10 | | |
| Preparation for exam | | 10 | | |
| Total | | | 120 | 4 |

A. BASIC READING

Nahvi M., Edminister J.A., Schaum's Outline of Electric Circuts, McGraw-Hill.
 Syed A. Nasar, 3000 solved problems in electrical circuits, Schaum's Solved Problems Series, McGraw-Hill, 1988.

3. Piątek Z., Electrical design. Part II – AC analysis, digital version accessible in The Main Library of Częstochowa University of Technology.

4. Piątek Z., Electrical design. Part III – transient analysis, digital version accessible in The Main Library of Częstochowa University of Technology.

5. Kuphaldt T., Lessons in electric circuits, volume 2 – AC, digital version freely accessible at http://www.ibiblio.org/kuphaldt/electricCircuits/

6. Cichowska Z., Pasko M., Przykłady zadań z elektrotechniki cz.II., t. 1,2. Wyd. Pol. Ślas., Gliwice 2000.
7. Lubelski K., Elektrotechnika teoretyczna. Część 1-4. Wyd. Pol. Czest., Częstochowa 1994.

B. FURTHER READING

1. Charles Alexander, Matthew Sadiku, Fundamentals of electric circuits, McGraw-Hill, 2008.

2. William H. Hayt, Jack Kemmerly, Steven M. Durbin, Engineering circuit analysis, McGraw-Hill, 2007.

| Learning objectives | In relation to the learning outcomes specified for the field of study | Subject objectives | Study methods | Methods of assessment |
|------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| EK1 | K_W02 K_W14 | C1 | lecture | P1 |
| EK2 | K_W14 K_U01 | C2 | lecture classes laboratory | P1, P2 F1 |
| EK3 | K_W14 | C2,C3 | lecture classes laboratory_ | P1 P2 F1 |
| EK4 | K_W15 K_U02 K_K04 | C3,C4 | laboratory | F1,P3 |
| EK5 | K_W09 K_W14 K_U07 | C2,C5 | laboratory | F1,P3 |

II. EVALUATION

| Grade | Outcome |
|--------------|--|
| EK1 | The student has knowledge of the basic concepts and laws in force in the theory of electrical |
| | circuits. |
| 2 (F) | The student is not able to describe the basic concepts and laws in force in the theory of electrical |
| | circuits. |
| 3 (E) | Student is able to describe the basic concepts and laws in force in the theory of electrical circuits. |
| 4 (C) | The student is able to define the basic concepts and formulate the laws in force in the theory of |
| | electrical circuits. |
| 5 (A) | The student is able to define the basic concepts and formulate the laws in force in the theory of |
| | electrical circuits and to interpret them, and to illustrate examples. |
| EK2 | The student is able to perform the calculation and analysis of voltage and current waveforms |
| | in the branches of an electrical circuit |
| 2 (F) | The student is unable to perform the calculation and analysis of voltage and current waveforms in |
| | simple electric circuits. |
| 3 (E) | The student is able to formulate equations allow to calculate the voltage and current waveforms in |
| | simple electric circuits. |
| 4 (C) | The student can calculate the voltage and current waveforms in simple electric circuits. |
| 5 (A) | The student can perform the calculation and analysis of voltage and current waveforms in simple |
| | electric circuits. |
| EK3 | The student is able to describe electrical phenomena occurring in electric circuits at different |
| | sources. |
| 2 (F) | The student is not able to describe the electrical phenomena occurring in electrical circuits at different |
| | sources. |
| 3 (E) | The student is able to describe some electrical phenomena occurring in electrical circuits at different |
| | sources |
| 4 (C) | The student is able to describe electrical phenomena occurring in electric circuits at different sources |
| | discussed in the lectures |
| 5 (A) | The student is able to describe electrical phenomena occurring in electric circuits at different sources |
| | discussed in the lectures referring to the definitions of key terms and phrases laws in force in the |
| | theory of electrical circuits. |
| EK4 | Student is able to carry out measurements of electrical quantities in the joint by the electrical |
| - (-) | circuit and interpret the results of measurements and calculations. |
| 2 (F) | The student is not able to carry out measurements of electrical connected by the electrical circuit and |
| a (T) | interpret the results of measurements and calculations. |
| 3 (E) | Student is able to carry out measurements of electrical quantities in the joint by the circuit and get the |
| 4 (0) | correct results. |
| 4 (C) | Student is able to carry out measurements of electrical quantities in the joint by the electrical circuit |
| 5 (A) | and interpret the results of measurements and calculations. |
| 5 (A) | Student is able to carry out measurements of electrical quantities in the joint by the electrical circuit |
| F 1/F | and interpret the results of measurements and calculations referring to their theoretical justifications. |
| | The student can perform a computer analysis of the electrical circuit. |
| ∠ (F) | The student is not able to carry out a computer analysis of the electrical circuit. |
| 3 (E) | Student is able to perform computer analysis of the clicuit and get the correct results. |
| 4 (C) | Student is able to perform computer analysis of the electrical circuit and interpret the results. |
| 5 (A) | Student is able to perform computer analysis of the electrical circuit and interpret the results obtained |
| | by reterring to their theoretical justification or another method of analysis. |

III. OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION

- 1. All information for students on the schedule are available on the notice board and on the website: <u>www.el.pcz.pl</u>
- 2. Information on the consultation shall be provided to students during the first lecture and will be placed on the website <u>www.el.pcz.pl</u>
- 3. Terms and conditions of credit courses will be provided to students during the first lecture